

**HANDBOOK  
of  
THERMODYNAMIC  
TABLES**  
**Second Edited and Revised Edition**

**Kuzman Ražnjević**

## **Handbook of Thermodynamic Tables, Second Edited and Revised Edition**

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### **Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data**

Raznjevic, Kuzman.

[Termodinamicke tablice. English]

Handbook of thermodynamic tables / Kuzman Raznjevic.-- 2nd edited and rev. ed.

p. cm.

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 1-56700-046-0 (hardcover)

1. Thermodynamics--Tables. I. Title.

QC311.3R3913 1995

536'.7'0212--dc20

95-44100

CIP

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## CONTENTS

### 1 Solids

1-1	Thermal Properties of Solid Elements	3
1-2	Thermal Properties of Solid Inorganic Compounds	4
1-3	Thermal Properties of Solid Organic Compounds	4
1-4	Linear Thermal Expansion Coefficient $\alpha$ of Solids in the Temperature Range Between 0 °C and $t$	5
1-6	Melting Points of Miscellaneous Solids	9
1-5	Melting Points of Alloys	9
1-7	Melting Points of Salts for Salt Baths	9
1-8	Specific Heat Capacities $c$ and $\bar{c}$ of Solid Elements	10
1-9	Specific Heat Capacities $c$ and $\bar{c}$ of Alloys	13
1-10	Specific Heat Capacity $c$ of Solid Organic Compounds	13
1-11	Specific Heat Capacities $c$ and $\bar{c}$ of Solid Inorganic Compounds	14
1-12	Specific Heat Capacity $c$ of Miscellaneous Solid Substances	16
1-13	Specific Heat Capacity $c$ of Some Foods	18
1-14	Thermal Conductivity $\lambda$ of Metals	19
1-15	Thermal Conductivity $\lambda$ of Alloys	22
1-16	Thermal Conductivity $\lambda$ of Building Materials	26
1-17	Thermal Conductivity $\lambda$ of Miscellaneous Solids	30
1-18	Thermal Conductivity $\lambda$ of Insulating Materials	33
1-19	Thermal Conductivity $\lambda$ of Fire and Ceramic Bricks	38
1-20	Thermal Conductivity $\lambda$ of Burnt Kieselguhr (Diatomaceous Earth)	39
1-21	Thermal Conductivity $\lambda$ of Lampblack	40
1-22	Thermal Properties of Polymer Materials	40
1-23	Emissivity $\epsilon_s$ of Metal Surfaces	41
1-24	Emissivity $\epsilon_s$ of Nonmetal Surfaces	44
1-25	Emissivity $\epsilon_s$ of Paints and Coatings	45
1-26	Heating Values of Solid Fuels	46

### 2 Liquids

2-1	Thermal Properties of Liquids	49
2-2	Critical Constants of Liquids	51
2-3	Cubic Expansion Coefficient $\alpha_v(\gamma)$ of Liquids in the Temperature Range between 0°C and $t$ , at a Normal Pressure of 1.013 25 bar ( 760 mm Hg )	52
2-4	Specific Heat Capacity $c$ of Liquids	53
2-5	Specific Heat Capacity $c$ of Water (H <sub>2</sub> O) at a Pressure $p = 0.980 665$ bar (= 1 at )	56
2-6	Specific Heat Capacity $c$ of Water (H <sub>2</sub> O) at Higher Pressure	56
2-7	Density $\rho$ of Liquids	57
2-8	Viscosity (Dynamic Viscosity) $\eta$ of Liquids	65
2-9	Thermal Conductivity $\lambda$ of Liquids	74
2-10	Thermal Properties of Water (H <sub>2</sub> O) at Saturation Pressure	78
2-11	Thermal Conductivity $\lambda$ of Water (H <sub>2</sub> O) at Various Pressures	79
2-12	Composition and Heating Values $H_u$ and $H_l$ of Liquid Fuels	80
2-13	Composition and Heating Values $H_u$ and $H_l$ of Liquid Fuels	81

### 3 Vapors

3-1	Properties of Saturated Steam of Water (H <sub>2</sub> O) (at a Given Temperature)	85
3-2	Properties of Saturated Steam of Water (H <sub>2</sub> O) (at a Given Pressure)	92
3-4	Properties of Superheated Steam of Water (H <sub>2</sub> O)	98
3-5	Specific Heat Capacities $c_p$ and $c_v$ of Superheated Steam of Water (H <sub>2</sub> O) at a Constant Pressure $p$ and a Constant Volume $V$	119
3-6	Mean Specific Heat Capacity $\bar{c}_p$ of Superheated Steam of Water (H <sub>2</sub> O) at a Constant Pressure $p$ (in the Range Between Temperature of Saturation $t_s$ and a Given Temperature $t$ )	123
3-7	Physical Properties of Frigens	125
3-8	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 11" — Trichlorofluoromethane (CFCl <sub>3</sub> )	126
3-9	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 12" — Dichlorodifluoromethane (CF <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> )	131
3-10	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 12 B1" — Bromochlorodifluoromethane (CBrClF <sub>2</sub> )	135
3-11	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 13" — Trifluoromonochloromethane (CClF <sub>3</sub> )	139
3-12	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 13 B1" — Trifluorobromomethane (CBrF <sub>3</sub> )	142
3-13	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 14" — Tetrafluoromethane (CF <sub>4</sub> )	145
3-14	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 22" — Difluoromonochloromethane (CHClF <sub>2</sub> )	147
3-15	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 23" — Trifluoromethane (CHF <sub>3</sub> )	151
3-16	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 113" — Trichlorotrifluoroethane (C <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>3</sub> F <sub>3</sub> )	154
3-17	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 114" — Dichlorotetrafluoroethane (C <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> F <sub>4</sub> )	159
3-18	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 115" — Chloropentafluoroethane (C <sub>2</sub> ClF <sub>5</sub> )	163
3-19	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 500" — Azeotropic mixture: mass fraction of Frigen 12 (CCl <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub> ) 73.8% and R 152a 26.2%	166
3-20	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 502" — Azeotropic mixture: mass fraction of Frigen 22 (CHClF <sub>2</sub> ) 48.8% and Frigen 115 (C <sub>2</sub> ClF <sub>5</sub> ) 51.2%	169
3-21	Properties of Saturated "Frigen 503" — Azeotropic mixture: mass fraction of Frigen 13 (CClF <sub>3</sub> ) 59.9% and Frigen 23 (CHF <sub>3</sub> ) 40.1%	172
3-22	Physical Properties of Refrigerants	175
3-23	Properties of Saturated Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> )	176
3-24	Properties of Saturated Ethane (C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> )	179
3-25	Properties of Saturated Methyl Chloride (CH <sub>3</sub> Cl)	180
3-26	Properties of Saturated Propane (C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> )	181
3-27	Properties of Saturated Sulfur(IV)-Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	182
3-28	Properties of Saturated Carbon(IV)-Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Solid-Vapor	183
3-29	Properties of Saturated Carbon(IV)-Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Liquid-Vapor	184
3-30	Properties of Saturated Mercury (Hg)	185
3-31	Physical Properties of Diphyl Mixture: volume fraction of Diphenyl (C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>10</sub> ) 26.5 % and Diphenyloxide (C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O) 73.5 %	187
3-32	Dynamic Viscosity $\eta$ of Refrigerants at Saturation	188
3-33	Dynamic Viscosity $\eta$ of Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> ) at Various Pressures and Temperatures	189
3-34	Dynamic Viscosity $\eta$ of Methyl Chloride (CH <sub>3</sub> Cl) at Various Pressures and Temperatures	189
3-35	Dynamic Viscosity $\eta$ of Sulfur(IV)-Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> ) at Various Pressures and Temperatures	190
3-36	Dynamic Viscosity $\eta$ of Carbon(IV)-Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) at Various Pressures and Temperatures	190
3-37	Properties of Saturated Moist Air	191
3-38	Thermal Properties of Water (H <sub>2</sub> O) Superheated Steam	193
3-39	Thermal Conductivity $\lambda$ of Water (H <sub>2</sub> O) Steam at Various Pressures	194

### 4 Gases

4-1	Thermal Properties of Gases	197
4-2	Specific Heat Capacity $c_p$ of Gases at a Constant Pressure $p$	199
4-3	Specific Heat Capacity $c_v$ of Gases at a Constant Volume $V$	200
4-4	Molar Heat Capacity $C_{p,m}$ of Gases at a Constant Pressure $p$	201

4-5	Molar Heat Capacity $C_{v,m}$ of Gases at a Constant Volume $V$	202
4-6	Mean Specific Heat Capacity $\bar{c}_p$ of Gases at a Constant Pressure $p$ in the Temperature Range Between Temperatures $0^\circ\text{C}$ and $t$	203
4-7	Mean Specific Heat Capacity $\bar{c}_v$ of Gases at a Constant Volume $V$ in the Temperature Range Between Temperatures $0^\circ\text{C}$ and $t$	204
4-8	Mean Molar Heat Capacity $\bar{C}_{p,m}$ of Gases at a Constant Pressure $p$ in the Temperature Range Between Temperatures $0^\circ\text{C}$ and $t$	205
4-9	Mean Molar Heat Capacity $\bar{C}_{v,m}$ of Gases at a Constant Volume $V$ in the Temperature Range Between $0^\circ\text{C}$ and $t$	206
4-10	Specific Enthalpy $h$ of Gases	207
4-11	Molar Enthalpy $H_m$ of Gases	208
4-12	Specific Entropy $s$ of Gases	209
4-13	Molar Entropy $S_m$ of Gases	210
4-14	Viscosity (Dynamic Viscosity) $\eta$ of Gases	211
4-15	Thermal Conductivity $\lambda$ of Gases	215
4-16	Thermal Conductivity of Diatomic and Triatomic Gases at Various Temperatures	218
4-17	Thermal Conductivity of Flue Gases Containing 13 % CO at Various Temperatures	218
4-18	Specific Heat Capacity $c_p$ of Dry Air at a Constant Pressure $p$	218
4-19	Thermal properties of Dry Air at a Pressure $p = 0.980\ 665\ \text{bar}$ ( 1 at )	219
4-20	Adiabatic and Polytropic Changes of Condition of Gases If $(p/p) < 1$ than count with reciprocal values of numbers in the tables	220
4-21	Heating Values $H_u$ and $H_i$ of Gases	221
4-22	Heating Values $H_u$ and $H_i$ of Some Technical Gaseous Heating Fuels	221
<b>5 Appendices</b>		
5-1	Prefixes Used with SI Units	225
5-2	Powers of Number Ten (10)	225
5-3	Quantities and SI Units of Thermodynamics	226
5-4	Conversion Factors of Some Units of Different Systems	230
5-5	Conversion Factors of Units of the Temperature ( $T, t$ )	230
5-6	Some Characteristic Temperature Points	230
5-7	Numerical Equations which Link Various Temperature Scales	231
5.8	Ratio between Celsius and Fahrenheit Degrees	232
5-9	Ratio between Celsius and Fahrenheit Degrees	233
5-10	Fourth Power of Absolute Temperature $\left(\frac{T}{100}\right)^4$	235
5-11	Equations for Polytropic Changes of Ideal Gas States Omitting Potential and Kinetic Energy	237
5-12	Dimensionless Parameters	238
5-13	Standard Atomic Weights of the Elements	239
<b>References</b>		241
<b>Index</b>		243

### Instructions for Use of Tables

Each physical quantity is represented as the product of the numerical value and a unit of measurement. Thus, we can write some the unknown quantity X as:

$$X = \{X\}[X], \quad (1)$$

where  $\{X\}$  is the numerical value and  $[X]$  is the unit of measurement. Equation (1) could be written in the form of a fraction:

$$\{X\} = X/[X], \quad (2)$$

from which it follows that the numerical value  $\{X\}$  is equal to the quotient of the physical quantity X and the unit of measurement,  $[X]$ . This is true for every physical quantity. For example, for the unknown physical quantity of length L, we can write:

$$L = \{L\}[L], \quad (3)$$

then the numerical value  $\{L\}$  is equal to:

$$\{L\} = L/[L]. \quad (4)$$

For a known quantity, for example, when the distance between two cities is 580 km, then according to equation (3), we will write:

$$L = 580 \text{ km},$$

where  $580 = \{L\}$ , the numerical value, and  $\text{km} = [L]$  is the unit of length. According to equations (2) and (4) the numerical value 580 is equal to the quotient of quantity L and units of length, km, namely:

$$580 = L/\text{km}$$

Numerical values in the tables in this book are actually the numerical values of physical quantities, that is that the numerical values in the table column are quotients of the physical quantity and the unit of measurement in the column head of the table. For example, on page 10, table 1.8, in the column for the specific heat capacity, 0.314 is in the first row, that is the numerical value which is equal to the quotient of the quantity c and the unit of measurement  $\text{kJ}/(\text{kg K})$  in the table head in the same row, namely:

$$0.314 = \frac{c}{\text{kJ}(\text{kg K})}.$$

Hence it follows that the value of the specific heat capacity is:

$$c = 0.314 \text{ kJ}/(\text{kg K}).$$

In the same way we can read any numerical values from the tables and determine the quantitative values of corresponding quantities.

This tabular way of representing physical quantities is the most suitable because there is no need to state separately the units to which the numerical values in the tables refer.

**SOLIDS**

**Table 1-1 Thermal Properties of Solid Elements**

Element		At a temperature of 20 °C		At a pressure $p = 1.013\ 25\ \text{bar}$ (= 760 mm Hg)			
Name	Symbol	Density	Linear expansion coefficient	Melting point	Heat of fusion	Boiling point	Heat of vaporization
		$\rho$	$\alpha$	$t_m$	$q_f$	$t_b$	$r$
		kg/m <sup>3</sup>	1/kK <sup>1)</sup>	°C	kJ/kg	°C	kJ/kg
Aluminium	Al	2700	0.0237	658	355.878	2270	11723.040
Antimony	Sb	6690	0.0110	630.5	167.472	1640	1256.040
Arsenic	As	5720	0.0050	830	—	625	1674.720
Barium	Ba	3760	—	704	—	1700	1339.776
Beryllium	Be	1850	0.0130	1278	1427.699	3000	24827.724
Bismuth	Bi	9800	0.0135	271	54.428	1500	837.360
Boron	B	2340	0.008	2500	—	—	—
Cadmium	Cd	8640	0.030	320.9	54.428	767	1004.832
Calcium	Ca	1540	0.025	851	328.664	1400	4186.800
Carbon	C	—	—	3540	—	4000	5024.160
Cerium	Ce	6800	0.010	815	—	1400	—
Cesium	Cs	1870	0.097	28	15.910	670	502.416
Chromium	Cr	7100	0.008	1800	293.076	2400	6154.596
Cobalt	Co	8800	0.0123	1490	280.516	3200	6489.540
Copper	Cu	8930	0.0166	1083	209.340	2330	4647.348
Gallium	Ga	5900	0.018	29.78	79.968	2300	—
Gold	Au	19290	0.0142	1063	66.989	2700	1758.456
Iodine	I	4930	0.093	113.5	—	185	334.944
Iridium	Ir	22500	0.0065	2454	—	>4800	3893.724
Iron	Fe	7860	0.0123	1530	272.142	2500	6363.936
Lead	Pb	11340	0.029	327.3	23.865	1730	921.096
Lithium	Li	534	0.056	180	138.164	1400	21352.680
Magnesium	Mg	1740	0.026	650	209.340	1110	5652.180
Manganese	Mn	7300	0.023	1250	251.208	2100	4186.800
Mercury	Hg	—	—	-38.83	—	356.95	—
Molybdenum	Mo	10200	0.005	2600	—	3560	7117.560
Nickel	Ni	8900	0.013	1455	293.076	3000	6196.464
Osmium	Os	22480	0.0061	2500	—	—	—
Palladium	Pd	12000	0.0118	1555	150.725	—	3977.460
Phosphorus, white	P	1820	0.125	44.1	21.771	280	1674.720
Platinum	Pt	21450	0.009	1773	113.044	3800	2512.080
Potassium	K	862	0.083	63	54.428	760	2051.532
Rhenium	Re	20500	—	3150	—	—	—
Rhodium	Rh	12400	0.009	1966	—	—	—
Rubidium	Rb	1520	0.090	38.5	25.539	713	837.360
Selenium	Se	4400	0.037	220	68.664	688	1088.568
Silicon	Si	2330	0.0024	1410	—	2350	14067.648
Silver	Ag	10500	0.0189	960.5	104.670	1950	2177.136
Sodium	Na	971	0.072	97.7	113.044	880	4186.800
Strontium	Sr	—	—	757	—	1370	—
Sulfur (monoclinic)	S	1960	0.080	119	46.055	—	—
Sulfur (rhombic)	S	2060	0.074	112.8	39.356	444.60	293.076
Tantalum	Ta	16600	0.0065	3000	—	—	—
Tin	Sn	7280	0.027	231.9	58.615	2300	2595.816
Titanium	Ti	4530	0.0108	1800	—	—	—
Tungsten	W	19300	0.0043	3380	251.208	5000	4814.820
Vanadium	V	6000	0.0085	1720	—	—	—
Zinc	Zn	7130	0.029	419.4	112.206	907	1800.324
Zirconium	Zr	6530	—	1900	—	—	—

<sup>1)</sup> kK = kilokelvin = 10<sup>3</sup> K  
1 Btu = 1.055 06 kJ



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